

STANDARDS, RULES, AND ANALYTICAL TECHNIQUES FOR SEWAGE SLUDGE MANAGEMENT

Dr. S.R. Ali*

* Professor,
Department of Civil Engineering, Faculty of Engineering,
Teerthanker Mahaveer University, Moradabad, Uttar Pradesh, INDIA
Email id: drsr.ali.engineering@tmu.ac.in

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ABSTRACT

This article discusses the most common sewage sludge management techniques, as well as the unit activities and procedures that relate to them. Reclamation and adaptation of lands to specific needs; plant cultivation not intended for human consumption or food production; use in agriculture; use in construction; recovery of phosphorus, rare earth metals, or fats and use in industry; production of combustible pellets, granulates, or other usable materials such as absorbents; and storage on treatment territory Stabilization processing results in the creation of materials that may be contaminated with a range of organic chemicals. Because this method of management often involves dumping processed sludge on the ground, it has the potential to contaminate soil with unknown organic substances. Thermal processing of raw sewage sludge, on the other hand, virtually eliminates this possibility. The vast majority of organic stuff is converted to a simple, mineralized state. In this instance, the most serious concern is heavy metal poisoning of sewage sludge ash. The identification of heavy metals in ashes is, however, considerably easier than that of organic molecules. Chemical analysis may be extremely helpful in determining the environmental safety of sewage sludge that has been treated and handled. As a result, there are many analytical approaches in use that are likely to aid in the process of developing and implementing innovative economically and ecologically sound methods of sewage sludge reuse. The method of technical sewage sludge use at Gdansk's Wastewater Treatment Plant "Wschód" is also explained. The technical line has just been updated.

KEYWORDS: *Analytical Techniques, Disinfection, Fermentation, Sewage Management, Sludge Management*

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