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A THEORETICAL ANALYSIS OF TALENT MANAGEMENT PRACTICES AND WORKFORCE EFFICIENCY IN THE CEMENT INDUSTRY

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ABSTRACT

In today's globalized and technologically evolving environment, the cement industry continues to be a critical driver of infrastructure growth, particularly in developing nations like India. As competition intensifies and automation and customer expectations rise, companies must increasingly depend on skilled human resources alongside machinery and materials. Talent Management (TM) has become a crucial approach for organizations aiming to achieve longterm competitive advantage. This research paper delves into the theoretical underpinnings of TM and examines its influence on workforce efficiency within the cement sector. Utilizing secondary data from scholarly articles, industry analyses, and case studies, the paper underscores the importance of TM practices—such as recruitment, employee development, retention strategies, performance evaluations, and succession planning—in enhancing organizational productivity and effectiveness. Key theoretical stances are used in this study to examine the connection between organizational performance and human resource practices, including Herzberg's Two-Factor Theory, the Resource-Based View, Human Capital Theory, and Social Exchange Theory. It emphasizes how crucial it is to match talent management plans with long-term corporate goals in order to increase output, reduce attrition, and promote creativity. Given the cement industry's capital-intensive nature and complex operations, it faces unique challenges like skill gaps, high employee attrition in remote areas, and resistance to adopting new technologies. By bringing in, nurturing, and keeping the best personnel, strategic talent management may successfully address these problems. The paper concludes with actionable insights and outlines emerging trends such as digital learning platforms, AI-powered HR analytics, and inclusive workforce initiatives, all of which have the potential to turn human capital into a key competitive advantage in the cement sector.

KEYWORDS: Talent Management, Workforce Efficiency, Cement Industry, Strategic Hrm, Human Capital, Employee Productivity.

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