

THE ROLE AND SIGNIFICANCE OF VOLUNTEERS IN THE PROCESS OF FORMATION OF ECOLOGICAL CULTURE

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DOI: 10.5958/2249-7137.2022.00247.6

ABSTRACT

The aim of the research is to study some aspects of the effective formation and development of the ecological culture of the students in the republic of Dagestan as well as to analyze the influence of the pedagogical potential of social volunteering on the formation of the socio-ecological culture of youth. Discussion. Many current socio-ecological problems, specific to Dagestan and many other regions of Russia, are of great interest and concern to modern youth. Student youth (aged 14-25 years) in Dagestan make up about 28% of the total population of the republic. Purposeful and systematic work with young people in order to form the right socio-ecological views and ideas, develop self-motivation and readiness to engage in specific environmental activities for the benefit of the society seems to us an extremely important direction of the educational process. Environmentally oriented volunteer activity of young people has a high potential for solving the problems indicated in the study. Conclusion. In recent years, the Republic of Dagestan has seen a steady growth in the number of young citizens and organizations involved in volunteerism, thus the scope of volunteer programs and projects is expanding. And one of the most important and effective areas, both in terms of the number of events and the scope and involvement of young people, is the environmentally oriented volunteer activity of young people.

KEYWORDS: *Ecological Culture, Social And Ecological Education, Volunteer Activity, Volunteering, Social Activity, Youth Policy, Motivation. For Citation: Abdurazakova A.I., Aygubov L.S., K*

INTRODUCTION

The development of nature in the process of economic activity and in order to achieve their economic interests by society without taking into account the laws that operate in biosphere, invariably leads to disruption ecological harmony in the system "nature– man – society" and the degradation of the natural environment surrounding man. In this communications, the challenge of maintaining a livable future is more acute than ever. Generations of the environment, which in turn implies a fundamental change and reassessment of people's values, their worldview, the formation of a new ecological culture. [1]

Modern man is formed under the influence of a huge number of factors (family, school, TV, Internet, friends, social circle). In order to form a person with the necessary for society stereotypes and the corresponding level ecological culture, it is necessary to involve huge resources that no one has one organization, but such can be volunteers. In our opinion, ecological culture should occupy a central place in the upbringing of a new generation with through the formation of a personality or its individual qualities in accordance with the ideal that society sets for us. That's why Volunteers play an important role in shaping the ecological culture of the population. There is currently controversy about the need and role of volunteers. In the formation of ecological culture: [2]

First, general anxiety sounds on various international forums where the position develops "think globally" is embodied in specific cases in the field of formation environmental culture - the idea is being implemented "act locally", but at the same time some ideas and actions cause public outrage, as a result of which it is necessary suspend or stop altogether its activities.

Secondly, government structures, creative teams and individual enthusiasts create programs for environmental education and upbringing of a person (society), but the implementation of these ideas and programs is poorly delivered.

Thirdly, society understands that there is a need for volunteers, including and in the formation of ecological culture, but there is no support for volunteers to implement their ideas.

Fourth, there is dual human interaction nature. On the one hand, a person influences to nature to satisfy those or their other needs. And on the other hand nature already changed from human actions affect the person that limits satisfaction his new needs [3].

Due to these contradictions the main principles for the formation of ecological culture were developed:

- taking into account the interests of not only present, but also future generations;
- Approach to problem solving ecological culture as an integral part environmental policy of the city, country and etc.;
- taking into account features like regional and national, including natural conditions, ecological situation, cultural, historical and religious traditions;
- Support and coordination the efforts of public associations, enterprises, organizations, legal, and most importantly, and individuals interested in solving environmental problems in order to form ecological culture in humans (societies);
- use of basic public policy provisions in environmental protection and ensure environmental security; [4]

DISCUSSION

Student Social Volunteering and Ecological Culture of Youth Creating a New Relationship man to nature is a task not only socio-ecological and technical, but and moral. She comes from the need to educate environmental culture, to form a new "correct" relationship with nature based on inseparable connection of society (individual) with nature .Of course, the problems of sustainable development are closely related to the introduction of nanotechnologies into environmental protection, but a lot in solving social and environmental problems also depends on the measure

responsibility of a person to these problems, the degree of his ecological culture, from the so-called anthropogenic factor in general. Due to the fact that in our research focuses on issues of formation of ecological culture, it seems necessary briefly mention the essence of environmental culture. Under ecological culture understand the ability of people enjoy your environmental knowledge and skills in practical activities. Also under the ecological culture means personal human responsibility for environment, his own activity, behavior and conscious limitation of material needs. [5]

The essence of ecological culture, according to B.T. Likhachev, can be considered as an organic unity of ecologically developed consciousness, emotional and mental states, and scientifically substantiated volitional utilitarian-practical activity [6]. Ecological consciousness -is an understanding of the importance and necessity conservation, awareness of the consequences carelessness towards nature. Except In addition, environmental consciousness is the understanding that a person is responsible both for the conservation of flora and fauna, and for the preservation of all life on earth. However, ecological knowledge does not guarantee the existence of an ecological culture, so it is necessary to develop emotional spheres of personality and culture of feelings. For example, the extermination of animals for tailoring fur coats(photos and videos of waste animals) aroused pity of people for them, as a result, the demand for fur coats from natural fur and rose to artificial fur. But ecological emotions are individual; their manifestation is a necessary prerequisite for the implementation of positive activities in the natural environment and the formation of environmental beliefs. [7]

In our study, we clearly We take the position that the decision many environmental socio-ecological problems significant assistance can provide voluntary social significant activities of student youth RD. Volunteering is a wide range interests in many areas vital activity. Main function volunteer is helping those who are in it needs the most. Volunteers helping other people by getting while great fun, new acquaintances, skills and knowledge. They have develops a sense of self-confidence communication skills, ability to work team, as well as responsibility for their actions and activities, the ability to find solution of any issues, even the most complex. [8]The main components volunteering are the generosity of the soul and ability to empathize. Mostly volunteers are people professionals. Most often they are young people full of strength and ideas how to change the world to the best, interest in the world around, with need for communication, creativity intentions. Research has shown that one of the most important causes of the crisis nature is the low level of ecological culture of the population, the lack of awareness of the consequences of their actions on an ecological scale, and lack of a stable value attitude to the natural environment. [9] The team of volunteers is a team of like-minded people. They may belong to different social strata, have different interests, but they are united single goal. They feel united society that can influence the world around. Given that under the process formation of ecological culture we understand growth, formation, implementation inhuman activity (society)personal qualities, characteristics, knowledge and skills that will ensure environmental security, active transformation the inner world of the individual, which will help her safe and creative self-actualization in any field of activity, volunteering is, in our opinion, one of the main components that help form ecological culture of the population. [10]

CONCLUSION

The practice of organizing and conducting interactive forms of lectures and seminars on the course "Social Ecology", extracurricular activities of a socio-ecological nature shows that the measures we are taking are largely degrees contribute to the increase and stimulation of educational and cognitive activity of students, the formation of their ecological culture.

In our opinion, for the effective formation of an ecological culture, it is necessary to create such conditions that Volunteers feel involved in solving environmental problems. The results of the experimental study made it possible to make the following conclusions:

1. Pedagogically thoughtful system of involvement of bachelors of social work in socially significant volunteer activities with environmental content can be an effective factor formation of their ecological culture.
2. The results of the study indicate that there is a close the relationship between the level of environmental culture of young students and the level of their involvement in volunteer activities.
3. A quantitative assessment of the results of the study shows that the number of students with high and average level of ecological culture and decreased from a low level

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