

LEXICAL UNITS MEANING "PERSONS BORN OF THE SAME FATHER AND MOTHER"

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ABSTRACT

The article considers the words "child" and "child" as invariant lexical suppletives, meaning "persons born from the same parent", forming the central zone of the vertical line of kinship, similarities and differences in their semantic structure. There is also information about other lexical units that are characteristic of the plan for expressing the meaning of "persons born of one parent" and the etymology of the word "child", which proves its international character. The state considers suppletive -synonymous paradigms of the plane of expression of the meaning "children who gave birth to the same parents", which occupies the central zone of meanings of the vertical line of the genus. The meaning "children of the same parents" is developed by the synonymous terms "farzand" and "bola" in the Uzbek language, which are invariant in the paradigm of expressive means of this meaning. In the state, we are talking about the similarity and difference in the semantic structure of the lexical units "farzand" and "bola", as well as the etymology of the lexeme "bola".

KEYWORDS: *The meaning of relationship, vertical line of relationship, plan of expression, plan of content, synonymic series, suppletives, suppletive relation, hypernyms, hyponyms, equinym, semantic structure, etc.*

KEYWORDS AND EXPRESSIONS: *The meaning of the gender, gender of the vertical line, expression plan, content plan, synonymic series, suppletives, suppletive relations, hyperonyms, hyponyms, eonyms, semantic structure, etc.*

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