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THE FIRST HORSE CLUBS IN SURKHAN OAKH

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ABSTRACT

The article deals with the establishment of equestrian clubs in the Surkhandarya oasis in the last century, the activities of masters of sports who grew up in them, the popularity of equestrian sports in the oasis, the worthy participation of oasis athletes in regional, national and union equestrian competitions.

KEYWORDS: *Master of sports, spartakiada, riders, "girl chase" competition, "Cotton holiday" sports competitions, "Pakhtakor" sports society, "Spartak" sports society, chavgon, "Boks", "Bazzafil", "Bedakur".*

INTRODUCTION

Equestrian sport is one of the ancient sports of the Uzbek people, which demonstrates the courage, bravery, agility and pride of the young man.

Today, the development of equestrian sports is clearly visible. In Tashkent, Fergana, Jizzakh, Kashkadarya and Surkhandarya regions, equestrian competitions and kupkars are often held. Sufficient attention is paid to improving the breed of horses, replenishing the ranks of athletes and riders at the expense of young people. This work, in turn, is yielding positive results, and world-famous riders are emerging. If we take the Surkhan oasis as an example, we can see that a lot of positive changes are taking place there.

The end of the third quarter and the fourth quarter of the last century entered the pages of history as a unique positive stage in the development of equestrian sports in the Surkhandarya oasis. In 1966, the first equestrian club was established in our region. The site for the club was selected and allocated from the collective farm named after U. Aliyev (former) in Sariosiya district. That year, work began with the participation of only two riders. It can be said that the opening of this

club was the prelude to the great work of the following years, the foundation of future great victories.

Since then, it has been observed that the level of interest in equestrian sports among the people is extremely high. In a short time, the number of members of the club exceeded thirty. As early as 1967, one of the members of the club, Robak Sigov, was nominated for Master of Sports. Badilla Buriev and Shamil Murtazaev became masters of sports of the first level. [1]

The members of the club went to the Republican Games in 1967 in preparation for it. They finished second in the Spartakiad. It was a huge success for the club members who had just started work. Soon the participants of the club took the first place in the competitions among rural athletes.

Of course, after that, the members of the club worked hard to further consolidate the achievements. Particular attention was paid to increasing the number of club members at the expense of energetic and talented young people.

Efforts were made to ensure that the athletes' skills continued to improve. It should be noted that the selfless man, the coach of the club, master of sports Stepan Vasilevich Ilyasov played a significant role in this work.

Of course, great things could not be accomplished by desire alone. In the first club, favorable conditions were created for training. Young people capable of equestrian sports are constantly involved in the club. Secondly, special attention was paid to the selection and care of purebred racehorses. Because good riders needed good horses. This later served as the basis for great success.

Later, taking into account the growing interest in equestrian sports in the district, a branch of the equestrian club was opened on the territory of the former collective farm "Communism". This, in turn, was a factor in the further expansion of the ranks of riders.

In 1971, a cotton festival was held in the Republic. It can be said that this holiday, with its richness in sports performances, aroused great interest among many. In particular, equestrian competitions attracted a lot of attention. Surkhandarya riders, who took an active part in these competitions, spoke again. The national team of our region, consisting of talented riders, took first place in these festive competitions and raised the flag of victory. Members of the regional equestrian club took an active part in 13 rounds of the competition program in classical equestrian sports. For example, Badilla Buriev, a student of school No. 56 in Sariosiya district, won the first prize in the crowd jumping competition, further strengthening the team's position. Mirza Tursunov, Mamat Khudoynazarov, Shamil Murtazoev and other skilful members of the team achieved great success in the competitions on jumping over obstacles. [2]

The second day of the competition began with the national equestrian sports. It is well known that overturning an opponent on horseback requires strength, agility and skill from the rider. Two participants of the regional team took part in the competitions in this round. Turob Mamashukurov and Ergash Suvonov from Surkhandarya impressed the audience, beating all rivals. They took first place with great honor and superiority.

Flyura Otakhonova and Ergash Suvonov from Surkhandarya took the second place in the competition "Kyz Kuvmoq".

Then began the championship in kupkari, one of the most popular and favorite types of equestrian sport. In this case, the riders of our region showed real skill. For example, such skilled riders as Turob Mamashukurov, Rakhmon Khushbokov, Layli Berdiev, Nurmon Boymurodov, Mamarayim Juraev, Rakhmat Omonov, Odima Zoirov, Bekmazar Kurbanov, Ergash Suvonov defeated the riders of Bukhara, Namangan and Kashkadarya regions one after another. Thus, for the first time, Surkhandarya athletes won the grand prize of the Republican "Cotton Holiday" sports competitions - the mobile cup.

MATERIALS AND METHODS

Speaking about the development and progress of equestrian sports in the Surkhandarya oasis, it is worth mentioning the organizers who have sacrificed and cared for this cause. The services of such leading officials as B. Omonov, U. Mamajonov, B. Kholmatov from Sariosiya were invaluable in the formation of a strong team of skilled riders in the region. Zokir Valitov, former chairman of the Pakhtakor Voluntary Sports Association of Sarnosiy district, has not only helped to increase the number of riders, but also to improve their skills, increase the number of thoroughbred horses and ultimately ensure the success of the team. In addition, it is worth mentioning the services of A.Dilmatov, T.Khalikov, B.Tashkulov.

Later, interest in equestrian sports began to be observed not only in Sariosiya district, but also in other districts. This time, in December 1970, the regional cotton festival was held in the territory of the collective farm "Namuna" in Termez district. The festival was attended by many spectators from different districts of the region. Renowned riders from almost all districts also came to demonstrate their skills. Then the riders had a great time. The riders raced a thousand meters. They rode along a special path. Thousands of spectators watched the riders without taking their eyes off them, shouting. F.Boymurodov, a rider from Namuna collective farm in Termez district, was the first to cross the finish line and won the race. The second place was taken by K.Murodov from Sherabad and Muhammadi Boykulov from Baysun. The riders also took an active part in the kupkari competitions held on the same day. In this case, the great interest in the masses was once again proved. It was a very interesting show. Kuldosh Yodgorov from Zharkurgan demonstrated in practice that he is a great rider and took the first place. Odina Zoirov, the Republican champion in equestrian sports, was awarded the second place. [3]

It should be noted that in those years, in the competitions in the classic equestrian sports, the riders of our oasis have always steadfastly defended the honor of our region. The coach of one of the sports clubs in Sariosiya district, master of sports Sharof Badalov, masters of sports from Sariosiya Isak Sodikov, Fayzulla Mirzaev raised the flag of victory in many competitions in classical equestrian sports. In other words, the same riders contributed to the further strengthening of the prestige of the regional team.

Later, an equestrian club was opened at the Istara farm in Qizirik district. Five breeds of horses were brought to the club from the former Union Central Horse Plant. Since the 1970s, there has been a growing interest and encouragement to establish equestrian clubs in the districts of the region. For example, the establishment of equestrian clubs in the collective farms named after Juma Pirnazarov in Sariosiya district, named after Akhunboboev in DeNOV district, named after P. Nabiev in Muzrabad district can be a bright proof of our opinion. Turob Mamashukurov, Zokir Valitov, Yuri Turin and Vladimir Favorsky were instrumental in finding, selecting and admitting talented young people to the clubs, improving their sports skills. Through their direct

efforts, many breeds of horses were brought from Dnepropetrovsk, Rostov-on-Don, as well as from the neighboring Republic of Turkmenistan. All of this work required a great deal of effort, hard work, and a love of sports. Shukur Irmatov, an experienced specialist and chairman of the Pakhtakor (former) Voluntary Rural Youth Sports Society, led the event. [4.26.]

The number of equestrian clubs increased to ten by 1970 due to the efforts of direct equestrian enthusiasts. There were 100 good horses and 135 of them. Thirteen of the trainees were first-class athletes. By 1990, equestrian sport had risen to a higher level in terms of quality and quantity. At that time, the number of equestrian clubs reached 14, the number of horses - 600, and the number of active riders - 856. 80 breeds of horses were brought from abroad. At that time, the number of masters of sports was 32, and the number of first-class athletes was 113. The heyday of equestrian sports was observed in those years. [5]

Analysis of evidence and figures shows that in 1970-1999 in the Surkhandarya oasis there was a great increase in the development of equestrian sports. In particular, in 1977 the establishment of a horse-drawn carriage in a beautiful place in Termez district paved the way for even greater work. It is no exaggeration to say that this was one of the most beautiful and envied horsemen of Uzbekistan. An equestrian school was established on the basis of Otchopar. Hundreds of young people began to develop skills at this school. This school has repeatedly helped the champions of Uzbekistan, masters of sports - Muhammadi Buriev, brothers Kholiddin za Isok Sodikov, Mirza Tursunov, Fayzulla Mirzaev, Adham Alpomishev, Muhiddin Jabborov, Valery Chekalin, Svetlana Chekhalima to conquer the ladder of mastery.

Boxes, Bazzafil, Bedakur and other thoroughbred horses, trained at the Termez equestrian sports school, have consistently won the Republican and former Soviet championships and spartakiads. In fact, our horses, nicknamed "Bazzafil" and "Bedakur", took part in the 1976 Olympic Games in Montreal, where they won under the leadership of Valery Dvoryaninov and won a gold medal.

RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

In the last quarter of the last century, kupkari developed rapidly in the territory of our region, and dozens or even hundreds of famous riders emerged. Significant progress has also been made in the breeding and breeding of domestic horses. During these years, Surkhandarya riders have won seventeen consecutive competitions in Tashkent on the occasion of the Harvest Festival. In addition, the riders of our oasis have won five kupkari competitions between the former Soviet republics. These competitions were held in 1974 in Bishkek (Kyrgyzstan), in 1976 in Almaty (Kazakhstan), in 1982 in Dushanbe (Tajikistan), in 1985 in Pyatigorsk (Russia), in 1987 in Tashkent (Uzbekistan). It should be noted that the national team of Uzbekistan, which took part in these prestigious competitions, consisted mainly of skilled riders from Surkhandarya. Fans still remember that the honor of the national team was defended by the famous runner, coach Turob Mamashukurov, Odina Zoirov, Ergash Suvonov, Holly and Saman Yusupov, Kurbanmurad Kholmurodov, Tovashar Niyazov, Chori Norboev, Shoberdi Gundaev, Tura Kholmatov, Omon Juraev. [6]

It is necessary to speak again and again about the Termez equestrian, which has made a great contribution not only to the region, but also to the development of equestrian sports in our country. 300 hectares of land were allocated for the horse-drawn carriage. A new garden was built here. Initially, 50 students from grades 5-10 were involved in the equestrian school

established under the auspices. Famous equestrian coaches began to teach them equestrian sports. The famous riders who grew up later belonged to this school.

Karim Mardonov and Muhiddin Jabborov, students of this equestrian school, became candidates for masters of sports at the Republican Youth Games in Tashkent in May 1980, and Turgun Sunnatov and Bahodir Hayitov became first-class athletes.

In October 1979, equestrian competitions for the Republican Prize were held in Termez. It was attended by more than 120 masters and famous riders from the Central Asian Republics and all regions of the country. Horsemen from Surkhandarya, such as Kholiddin Sodiqov, Mirza Tursunov, Marat Mamadiyorov, demonstrated their skills in these competitions and became masters of sports.

In May 1954, the Central Asian Equestrian Championship for the prize of Uzbekistan was held in Tashkent and Chirchik. Along with the national teams of Kazakhstan, Turkmenistan, Kyrgyzstan and Uzbekistan, riders from Surkhandarya, Tashkent, Fergana and Andijan regions also took part in the championship. Olga Fedulova and Bakhtiyor Yorov, our young riders, became masters of sports. Olga Fedulova, Alexander Fedulov and Valery Chekalin have been included in the national team of Uzbekistan. [7]

Valery Chekalin, who competed in the former Union Championships, took third place and won a bronze medal.

It should be noted that in those years, the members of the equestrian club, which was opened on the territory of the Akhunboboev collective farm in Denau district, also achieved great success. In a short period of time, the number of young people participating in the sports club has significantly expanded. Here the training of horses became an intensive part of the training of young athletes. Master of sports Jura Mamatov and a leading specialist in equestrian sports Fayzulla Mirzaev enthusiastically joined this work. Directly under their leadership there was a strong movement. At that time, the club had 16 horses at its disposal. Seven of them were thoroughbred horses. Complex exercises such as putting horses into play, jumping from heights, and overcoming obstacles were performed on a regular basis. There were 20 riders involved in these exercises. They learned to move left-handed on horseback. Young riders Munira Jalitova, Abdusamad Rakhmatov, Nemat Jumaev, Abdurahmon Hayitov have achieved significant success. They took an active part in regional competitions and won the right to participate in Republican competitions. Club members have won over the years.

As we turn the pages of history, we come across interesting facts and figures. Here we would like to cite another example from the past many years. In October 1975, equestrian competitions among riders of the former Soviet Union were held in Rostov-on-Don. On the field, the chagon game was getting hotter and hotter. The riders were working hard to bring extra points to their teams. The referee's whistle blows when the game reaches its climax. He scored an eleven-meter penalty kick towards the goal. The captain of the national team of Uzbekistan Kurbanmurad Kholmurodov scored the penalty kick. People still remember that the ball was clearly aimed at the goal. A few minutes later, the referee's whistle blows. It was a sign that the game was over. So, in this game, the hands of the Uzbek riders were high. At the equestrian competitions held here, riders from the Central Asian Republics competed in kupkari, equestrian basketball and Surkhan games. In these games, our compatriot Kurbanmurad chapagon Kholmurodov actively

participated in the national team of the Republic and achieved great success and won the national championship. From then on, this rider's stellar career in equestrian sports began. [8.78-82.]

CONCLUSIONS

In conclusion, the last quarter of the last century went down in history as a memorable period in the development of equestrian sports in the Surkhandarya oasis. During these years, the classic types of equestrian sports became widespread in our region and developed rapidly. Our riders, who rode fast on the fields of the world, showed great skill. At the same time, thousands of our young people began to look at equestrian sports with great interest and love. Secondly, they also have extensive experience in the restoration, cultivation, reproduction and maintenance of the park. The acquired skills helped him a lot in his later work.

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