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THE ROLE OF URBAN PLANNING NORMS AND RULES IN CREATING A MODERN PARK PROJECT

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ABSTRACT

This article discusses the methodology of creating a modern park project using graphics programs. Prior to the construction of any building, the rules and regulations of the city in which the building is to be constructed shall be thoroughly considered and followed. The article discusses this. The towers, which are recognized as one of the seven wonders of the world, are also notable. This ancient hanging garden was built of dust and disappeared with the glorious but fragile Babylon. In short, such a classification of cultural and recreational parks, along with improving the quality of their services to the population, has a significant impact on the infrastructure and architecture of the region.

KEYWORDS: *Garden, Graphics, Building, Architect, Engineer, Project, Computer.*

INTRODUCTION

From the first days of the independence of the Republic of Uzbekistan, cultural institutions have been an important tool for members of society to adapt to a renewed society. In particular, parks have become an integral part of the cultural life of the population. But their historical development goes back a long way. Parks are a place of cultural recreation for the population, equipped with various ornamental trees and flower beds.

If we look at the cultural and recreational parks, their historical development goes back a long way. The towers, which are recognized as one of the seven wonders of the world, are also notable. This ancient hanging garden was built of dust and disappeared with the glorious but fragile Babylon. Only when you approach the garden can you see that it is multi-layered. It had

huge trees. The water coming from the river was carried up by special devices. It contained plants and animals. There are even artificial waterfalls.



Figure 1; Amusement park.

Cultural and recreational parks are built on the basis of the unique style of gardening. In Uzbekistan, parks are organized according to the size, architectural appearance and natural conditions of the city. In addition to one small town, several large cities, and cities with a population of more than 500,000, each district in the city may have a cultural and recreational park. Cultural services play an important role in it.

Resolution of the Cabinet of Ministers of the Republic of Uzbekistan dated December 29, 2010 No 322 "On approval of the program of measures to strengthen the material and technical base of cultural and recreational parks and further improve their activities for 2011-2015."

Today, a number of requirements have been developed for the territory of cultural and recreational parks and their facilities.



Figure 2: Attraction.

The main objects in the park should be: Tree, Landscaping, Walkways, Seating,

Trash, Bathroom, Tree Irrigation System, Attractions, Small and Large Playground Equipment, Soft Drinks, Ice Cream Sale, Administrative Building, Farm Yard, Lockable Entrance and Exit Gates and Doors.

In addition, the fence around the garden (wall or fence), Summer Variety or Amphitheater, Lighting System, Additional recommended facilities:

Beach, locker rooms, boats, catamarans, etc. related to the pool and its activities. Fountains, Shopping Stations, Catering Stations. Small sports fields (mini football, volleyball, tennis, badminton, athletics, chess, etc.).

- Statues, statues, busts and other monumental works of fine art.
- Mobile circus area.
- Playgrounds, Children's Towns, Photographs, photo and video services.
- Rental of toys and small vehicles (children's bicycles, cars, etc.).
- Reading room.

Machinery and equipment used for landscaping in the garden area.

The area of each park should be divided into two areas:

- A quiet area where people can relax and unwind in the midst of nature.
- A dense area that serves the population for active recreation. [1.2]

Only the following may be present in a quiet area:

Tree, Landscaping, Trails, Seats and benches, Ice cream and soft drinks, Greenhouse, Greenhouse, Nursery, Trash, Toilet, Administrative building.

At least 65% of the occupied area should be planted with trees, sidewalks, benches, as well as landscaped areas. The remaining 35 percent is allowed to accommodate other facilities in the area.

The following facilities are allowed to be located in a crowded area:

Woods, Landscaping, Walkways, Benches and Seats, Trash Boxes, Toilets, Amusements, Small and Large Playgrounds, Soft Drinks, Ice Cream Sale, Summer Variety or Amphitheater. [3]



Figure 3; children's playground.

Beach, locker rooms, boats, catamarans, etc. related to the pool and its activities. Objects in densely populated areas are not allowed to occupy more than the following area (relative to densely populated areas):

Sales outlets - 3%, Catering outlets - 3%, Small sports fields (mini football, volleyball, tennis, badminton, athletics, etc.) - 5%, Area for mobile circus activities - 2% .

Children's playgrounds - 1.5%, Children's camps - 2%, Live corner - 1%.

Dance grounds - 2.5%, Entertainment facilities - 3%, Photographs, photo and video services - 1%, Rental of toys and small vehicles (children's bicycles, cars, etc.) - 1%.

The area occupied by the total objects is the area of the densely populated area

Not more than 25%. [2]

Today, cultural and recreational parks are divided into 3 types according to the structure and scope of services.

In short, such a classification of cultural and recreational parks, along with improving the quality of their services to the population, has a significant impact on the infrastructure and architecture of the region. In turn, it served to strengthen the region's economy.

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