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LEGAL BASIS OF IMPROVING THE SOCIAL PROTECTION SYSTEM

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ABSTRACT

The article deals with the social protection of the population. The article describes the specifics of social protection, which is relevant today. There is also a systematic analysis of the legal framework for improving the social protection system. The law pays special attention to the areas of social partnership, including social protection, support and social activism, employment, development of small business and private entrepreneurship, farming, protection of the environment, public health and healthy lifestyles. Today, our views on issues in the social sphere are gradually changing, and previous concepts and approaches are gaining new meaning.

KEYWORDS: *Social Protection, Social Policy, Social Partnership, Social Mechanism, Legal Framework.*

INTRODUCTION

At the present time, the Republic of Uzbekistan is on the path of new socio-economic development. Because of independence, our people have the opportunity to live freely in their country, and most importantly, to build their future, their lives in accordance with national interests and eternal values, universally recognized democratic principles. At the initial stage of the transition to market relations, effective measures were taken to develop social protection mechanisms, social support and protection of the population.

Of course, the essence of the fact that social issues and their solution is a priority set by our state is human it is manifested in the fact that the principle of the supreme value of human rights and freedoms and interests is aimed at the realization.

At the same time, the work on social protection of the population in need of social protection, the state programs that reflect the comprehensive measures being taken are particularly noteworthy.

In this regard, President Sh.M.Mirziyoev In the Action Strategy for the five priority areas of development of the Republic of Uzbekistan for 2017-2021, paying special attention to the priorities of the social sphere, in which he puts forward such issues as "... consistent increase in employment and real incomes, improvement of social protection and health care, increase of women's social and political activity, implementation of targeted programs for the construction of affordable housing, development and modernization of road transport, engineering and communications and social infrastructure to improve the living conditions of the population, development of education and science, improvement of state youth policy"¹

The Constitution of the Republic of Uzbekistan is our main encyclopedia, which embodies a completely new material, legal and methodological approach to the definition and guarantee of socio-economic rights of the individual in the social sphere. In particular, Article 2 of the Constitution stipulates that "the state represents the will of the people and serves their interests." and Article 7 states that the people are the sole source of state power, and that the interests of the people take precedence over everything else in the norms. In particular, the Constitution of the Republic of Uzbekistan stipulates that "Everyone has the right to social protection in old age, loss of ability to work, as well as in the event of loss of a breadwinner and in other cases provided by law."²

Indeed, from the first days of its independence, the Republic of Uzbekistan has been operating in accordance with international rules and universal principles in the social sphere. Examples are the Universal Declaration of Human Rights, the International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights, and the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights³.

Social protection, as one of the human rights, is based on international legal norms and standards, and therefore its main principles are derived from universal values. First of all, the Universal Declaration of Human Rights, which is one of the international legal instruments, states that everyone has the right to adequate social security in order to live independently in difficult financial circumstances.

In particular, according to the Declaration, a person is included in the list of social risks that are the basis for obtaining social assistance in any case where he is in need of assistance for objective reasons beyond his control.

Today, a number of reforms have been carried out in the country on the social issues of the rule of law, its relationship with the rule of law, social protection and theoretical and legal issues of its implementation, modern requirements for social protection, improving legislation in the field of social protection. In particular, the Law of the Republic of Uzbekistan "On Social Partnership"⁴, adopted by the Oliy Majlis of the Republic of Uzbekistan on September 25, 2014, is a continuation of these reforms.

The law pays special attention to the areas of social partnership, including social protection, support and social activism, employment, development of small business and private entrepreneurship, farming, protection of the environment, public health and healthy lifestyles. formation of a comprehensively developed and healthy young generation, education of young people, their spiritual and moral upbringing and vocational guidance, protection of motherhood

and childhood, as well as women's rights, their full participation in the socio-political, socio-economic and cultural life of the country Ensuring the development of science, education, information, culture and sports, raising legal awareness, legal awareness and legal culture of the population, strengthening the foundations of civil society and democratic rule of law, strengthening the ideas of interethnic, intercultural harmony and civil harmony issues such as the restoration and preservation of centuries-old, traditional spiritual-moral and historical-cultural values, protection of consumer rights.

Today, our views on issues in the social sphere are gradually changing, and previous concepts and approaches are gaining new meaning. Concepts such as "social policy", "social protection", "social partnership" differ from the previous ones and more and more reflect the changes taking place in our lives. Therefore, social policy is not only an activity aimed at solving the material problems of citizens, especially young people, but also a major part of the domestic policy of the state. The social protection policy includes not only the provision of material assistance to the needy, but also the maintenance of the normal functioning of the country's social infrastructure, the implementation of effective state and social governance in this area, providing all-round favorable conditions for citizens.

In the past, social protection consisted only of helping the needy, but today this concept includes increasing the level of employment of citizens, payment of wages according to the quantity and quality of work, social security, realization of the right to education, high quality medical care and covers all aspects of ensuring a decent life for a person.

Social protection of the population in need of social assistance has been carried out in different ways, at the expense of different sources, by different entities. In particular, it recognizes that the expansion of non-governmental forms of social protection is a priority in the process of building the rule of law and civil society. This is due to the fact that socialization, which is carried out by the state, remains a priority, as the state has assumed the main responsibility for reform during the transition period, and strong social protection of the population is one of the main tasks.

The goal of social policy is achieved by the state through the provision of social guarantees, tax regulation of lifestyle, encouragement of charitable and entrepreneurial initiatives. Social policy should focus on solving priority problems, developing social mechanisms, coordinating government commitments with real funding opportunities. In turn, the problem of supporting vulnerable groups of the population is directly related to the state's participation in the management of the country's economy. The truth is that the modern state is a market state. The essence of a market economy is the free exchange of goods, the inviolability of private property and the recognition of the legitimate interests of the owner, the freedom of labor and private enterprise.

Despite the fact that our country has adopted many normative documents aimed at establishing the legal framework for social protection of citizens, we can not say that the basic laws defining the main principles of regulation of relations in this area have not yet been fully developed. The study of the experience of many developed countries shows that they have adopted laws that define the basic principles of social protection, on the basis of which the right of citizens to social protection is ensured.

In this regard, the role of the state in social protection of the population in the process of building civil society and the rule of law requires addressing the problems of the role of its bodies, the improvement of government agencies in the implementation of social protection, with the transition to civil society, this function of the state will evolve, gradually becoming the responsibility of society, cooperation with public associations, NGOs, citizens' self-government.

LITERATURE

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