ACADEMICIA
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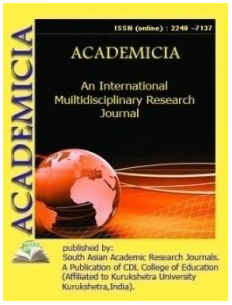

DOI: 10.5958/2249-7137.2021.02046.2

REVEALING ECHOCARDIOGRAPHIC AND ANTHROPOMETRIC CHANGES IN CHILDREN FROM BIRTH TO 3 YEARS OLD WITH CONGENITAL HEART DEFECTS

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ABSTRACT

This article in the literature explains the causes and complications of congenital heart disease in children, comparative diagnosis. This article presents information on the frequency and risk of congestive heart failure in the sympathetic nervous system in children. The most intensive development of a child is observed in the first year of his life. During this period, a significant increase in body weight and height is observed, and the functional activity of the central nervous system improves. Dividing congenital heart defects and large vessels into males, females, and neutrals allows the patient's gender to be used as a diagnostic symptom. However, the male and female types of defects have a very large value of the coefficient of diagnostic value.

KEYWORDS: *Heart, EXOKG Examination, Anthropometric Indicators.*

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