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## INTERPRETATION OF PHONETIC EVENTS IN UZBEK AND TURKISH LANGUAGES

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### ABSTRACT

*In the article, we tried to cover the study of the sound system of Uzbek and Turkish languages, the interpretation and comparative analysis of phonetic phenomena in them. As well as reductions and concomitant phenomena associated with it, we analyzed the phenomena of prokopa, Singapore, apocopa, elizia, syneresis, phraseology in both languages, showing similar and different aspects. The vowel in the stressed syllable is manifested by its acoustic superiority over the unstressed syllable, the height of the voice, its strong intensity and the length in quantitative terms. And the vowel in the unstressed syllable is pronounced weak, that is, it is pronounced in intensity and shorter in quantity. The phonetics and phonology of the Uzbek language are inextricably linked with the literary pronunciation and language culture of the language. The linguist includes the following phonetic phenomena that occur due to reduction and are associated with: procopa, syncope, apocopa, elision, syneresis, haplogy. Of these reduction-related events, we considered only syncopane as a complementary type of distribution.*

**KEYWORDS:** *Phonetics, Phonology, Phoneme, Invariant, Correspondence, Strong Position, Weak Position, Acoustics, Reduction.*

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