



**ACADEMICIA**  
**An International  
 Multidisciplinary  
 Research Journal**  
 (Double Blind Refereed & Peer Reviewed Journal)



**DOI: 10.5958/2249-7137.2021.02087.5**

## A REVIEW PAPER ON ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE

**Dr. Ajay Rana\*; Dr. Niraj Singhal\*\***

\*Shobhit Institute of Engineering and Technology,  
 (Deemed to be University), Meerut, INDIA  
 Email id: ajay.rana@shobhituniversity.ac.in,

\*\*School of Computer Science and Engineering,  
 Faculty of Engineering and Technology,  
 Shobhit Institute of Engineering and Technology,  
 (Deemed to be University), Meerut, INDIA  
 Email id: niraj@shobhituniversity.ac.in

### ABSTRACT

*This article examines the topic of artificial intelligence, with an emphasis on embodied AI. It also examines artificial consciousness models, agent-based artificial intelligence, and artificial intelligence philosophical commentary. It concludes that there is virtually no agreement or formalism in the area, and that the field's accomplishments are limited. The large percentage of recommended plans versus suggestions that have been implemented in the literature is an unusual characteristic. For a number of reasons, including cost and a lack of knowledge in the area, professionals in the field are reluctant to build robots. Because of its skills in the image and semantic domains, AI has many potential applications in medical imaging. As a result, the major issues facing AI in radiology include improving healthcare safety and quality (personalized and participatory radiology), improving workflow (and therefore medical imaging accessibility), and developing medical imaging for screening and public health (predictive and preventive radiology).*

**KEYWORDS:** *Artificial, Consciousness, Embodied Intelligence, Intelligence, Machine Intelligence*

---

**REFERENCES**

1. I. Contreras and J. Vehi, "Artificial intelligence for diabetes management and decision support: Literature review," *Journal of Medical Internet Research*. 2018, doi: 10.2196/10775.
2. D. Hassabis, D. Kumaran, C. Summerfield, and M. Botvinick, "Neuroscience-Inspired Artificial Intelligence," *Neuron*. 2017, doi: 10.1016/j.neuron.2017.06.011.
3. K. W. Johnson *et al.*, "Artificial Intelligence in Cardiology," *Journal of the American College of Cardiology*. 2018, doi: 10.1016/j.jacc.2018.03.521.
4. H. Lu, Y. Li, M. Chen, H. Kim, and S. Serikawa, "Brain Intelligence: Go beyond Artificial Intelligence," *Mob. Networks Appl.*, 2018, doi: 10.1007/s11036-017-0932-8.
5. M. Butterworth, "The ICO and artificial intelligence: The role of fairness in the GDPR framework," *Comput. Law Secur. Rev.*, 2018, doi: 10.1016/j.clsr.2018.01.004.
6. "Artificial intelligence and medical imaging 2018: French Radiology Community white paper," *Diagnostic and Interventional Imaging*. 2018, doi: 10.1016/j.diii.2018.10.003.
7. M. H. Huang and R. T. Rust, "Artificial Intelligence in Service," *J. Serv. Res.*, 2018, doi: 10.1177/1094670517752459.
8. A. Bansla and N. Bansla, "Artificial intelligence," *Int. J. Appl. Eng. Res.*, 2012, doi: 10.4018/ijeei.2018070102.
9. G. Hessler and K. H. Baringhaus, "Artificial intelligence in drug design," *Molecules*. 2018, doi: 10.3390/molecules23102520.
10. P. Hamet and J. Tremblay, "Artificial intelligence in medicine," *Metabolism.*, 2017, doi: 10.1016/j.metabol.2017.01.011.