



DOI: **10.5958/2249-7137.2021.01286.6**

FROM THE HISTORY OF COURTS IN BUKHARA

Alimova Mokhichehra Muzaffarovna*; **Mirzaqulov Beshim Tangrievich****

*Senior Lecturer
Department of “Social science”
Buxoro Engineering and Technology Institute,
UZBEKISTAN

**Assistant of Professor
Department of “Social Science”
Buxoro engineering and technology Institute,
UZBEKISTAN

ABSTRACT

This article is devoted to the history of the judiciary in Bukhara, based on written sources that the judiciary was created in the 7th century and operated on the basis of Sharia law. It is argued that during the reign of the Mangit dynasty in Bukhara, the official who held the post of Qozi kalon was given great powers, and a corresponding scientific conclusion was made.

KEYWORDS: *Amir, Qozi, Qozi Kalon, Sharia, Mufti, Imam, Fiqh, Mudarris, Sheikhlulislam, Chairman.*

REFERENCES:

1. Ўзбекистон Миллий Энциклопедияси 11-том.
2. А. Фитрат. Амир олимжоннинг ҳукмронлик йилларим. Т. 1992.
3. Мухаммад Юсуф Мунший “Муқимханская история” Т. 1956. Срт.19-20
4. Б. Мирзақулов. Бухоро тарих зарварақларида. 1-китоб. Т. Lesson Press. 2016.
5. Рисолаи “Мунтахабул-масойил”. Т. Академия нашриёти. 2002.
6. Ф. Бобожонова. Бухоро амирлигида таълим тизими (XIX аср охири-XX асрнинг бошлари) Т. “ADIB”. 2014. 37-38 бетлар.

7. Сухарева О. А. К истории городов Бухарского ханства. Т. Изд. АН УзССР. 1958. стр. 98.
8. Айний С. Бухара (Воспоминания)-Душанбе: Ирфон, 1981.стр.40.
9. Хаников Н. Описание Бухарского ханства. СП б. 1843. Стр. 222.